

# SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXII NO. 111

SEYMOUR, INDIANA,

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1913.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## FATALLY INJURED BY FALL FROM CAR

Mrs. John McClintock, of Redding-ton, Victim of Accident at Indianapolis Wednesday Night.

### LEFT HERE IN THE AFTERNOON

Relatives Believe She Was Stricken With Heart Trouble—Funeral Held Friday Afternoon.

Mrs. John McClintock, of Redding-ton, was almost instantly killed Wednesday night at Indianapolis when she stepped from a moving street car. She was thrown to the street with great force and struck the pavement on the back of her head. She was rendered unconscious by the fall and was carried to a nearby residence, where she died before a physician could be summoned.

Mrs. McClintock went to Indianapolis late Wednesday afternoon for a visit with her niece, Mrs. Mrs. Edward McCauley. After reaching Indianapolis she boarded a West Washington street car and was on her way to the home of her relative. According to the eye witnesses of the accident, Mrs. McClintock walked out of the car in the middle of the block and stepped or fell from the platform before the conductor or any of the passengers realized her intention. She was alone at the time of the accident.

From the information received by relatives here they believe that Mrs. McClintock was stricken with heart trouble as she was standing on the rear platform. She was to leave the car at the next corner, Riehland street, and it is supposed that she walked to the platform and while standing near the exit was stricken and fell to the street. She was not afflicted with heart trouble until a few days ago. While returning from the funeral of Mrs. Adam Fox she mentioned to her friends that she was very dizzy and that it was the first time she had ever suffered in that way.

After the accident she was carried to a residence nearby and the deputy coroner called. The body was removed to the city morgue where an inquest was held by the coroner. He found that death was probably due to injuries about the head received in the fall to the street.

Mrs. McClintock was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gilbert and was a native of Redding township. She was born sixty-two years ago and had spent her entire life near her present home. She was a member of the Christian church and was an earnest christian lady.

Mrs. McClintock is survived by her husband, two sisters, Mrs. Parmelia McClintock, and Mrs. Eliza Davis, of Reddington, and one brother, Smith Gilbert of Reddington. The husband and brother and George Davis and Will Hustadt went to Indianapolis this morning and will return this afternoon with the remains.

The funeral will be held Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Reddington Christian church, conducted by Elder G. M. Shutts. Burial at the Reddington cemetery.

Ice Cream in any quantity at Salmon's restaurant, opposite the Pennsylvania depot. Phone 110. a25d

### WM. MCFARLAND ACQUITTED OF WIFE DESERTION CHARGE

Case is Called in Marion Criminal Court—Defendant to Support His Children.

William McFarland of this city, was acquitted Wednesday by Judge Markey of the Marion criminal court, of a charge of wife desertion. The trial was started, but before much progress was made, the prosecuting attorney informed Judge Markey that he had learned some additional facts regarding the prosecuting witness, the wife of the defendant, and believed that the case should be dropped if proper provisions were made for the children. F. W. Wespér, of this city, who represented the defendant, stated that his client was ready and willing to pay for the support of the children, and it was agreed that he should pay \$2.50 each week. The money will be paid to the grandparents with whom the children have made their home since the separation of their parents.

Several weeks ago McFarland filed a suit in the Jackson circuit court for divorce. For some time his place of residence had been unknown to his wife, and soon as she learned of the divorce she filed the suit against him for wife desertion. He asks for the custody of the children in the complaint and in case they are given to him he will not be required to continue the payment to the grandparents as provided by the Marion county judge.

### DOG IS EXAMINED BUT NO TRACE OF RABIES FOUND

Animal Bit Little Daughter of Sheriff and Mrs. Van Robertson—Wounds Not Dangerous.

Sheriff Van Robertson has returned from Indianapolis where he took a large collie dog to have it examined for rabies. A few days ago the dog appeared at the county jail and it seemed to be an unusually fine animal he decided to keep it there until the owner was located.

While the dog was about the jail he made friends with the Sheriff's little daughter and they often played together. A few days ago the little girl was eating some candy, and after sharing her last bite with the dog leaned over and started to whisper in his ear that the candy was gone. As soon as she started to talk the dog snapped at her, one of his teeth going into her upper lip and entering the upper gum. The inside of the upper gum was also injured.

Sheriff and Mrs. Robertson became alarmed for fear that the dog might be suffering from rabies and he was taken to Indianapolis, but no trace of rabies was found. The animal will be watched for several days to ascertain if they develop later. The little girl is recovering nicely and the physicians do not believe she is in any danger.

### Marriage License.

Charles M. Baker, of Cincinnati, to Josephine M. Sensback, of Seymour. Theodore Neawedde to Kate Otting, both of Seymour.

Ford Reed to Nova Garloch, both of Salt Creek township.

The Live Wire Social Club will give a moonlight dance at Society hall Thursday evening, April 24. Admission 50 cents. a23d

Cook stove, gasoline range, gas range, refrigerator, wardrobe, kitchen cabinet and dresser. 203 S. Chestnut. 203d

Bicycles and Motorcycles repaired at Comers, 118 S. Chestnut. a25d

Seymour Chapter No. 85 Royal Arch Masons.

Called convocation 7:30 p. m. Friday, April 25th, 1913. Work in M. E. M. Degree. S. L. Cherry, H. P. a25d

Guns and revolvers repaired at Comers, 118 S. Chestnut. a24t

Bargains in made over wheels at Comers, 118 S. Chestnut. a25d

Dancing.

Those wishing to take private lessons in dancing of Mrs. Pettyjohn, telephone Miss Wagner, Phone 423, at once. Terms reasonable. a25d

La Americana

A fragrant 5-cent cigar of quality. m26d

Guns and revolvers repaired at Comers, 118 S. Chestnut. a24t

Bargains in made over wheels at Comers, 118 S. Chestnut. a25d

Linseed oil 58c a gallon when you buy your house paints of us.

1/2 pint can Paint..... 10c

1/2 pint can Varnish Stain..... 10c

Linseed oil 58c a gallon when you buy your house paints of us.

No. 1 and No. 2

"THE DEFEAT OF

"THE CONQUEROR"

(Milano Two Reel Historical Drama)

No. 3—"ON EL-CAMINO REAL"

(Nestor Calif. Drama)

Mat. Saturday Afternoon 2:30 to 4:30 p. m.

Admission any night this week 5c.

1/2 pint can Paint..... 10c

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# THREE HUNDRED MINERS CAUGHT

Terrible Disaster In a Pennsylvania Colliery.

## FEW HAVE EMERGED ALIVE

It May Be Days Before the Full Toll of Human Life Claimed by Mine Explosion Near Washington, Pa., Will Be Known, but Rescuing Parties Give Little Hope of Saving More Than a Third of Entrapped Men.

Washington, Pa., April 24.—It is possible that the list of victims will reach over 200 in the Cincinnati mine of the Pittsburgh Coal company on the Monongahela, near here, where has occurred one of the most disastrous explosions ever recorded in the long history of mine fatalities in Washington county.

The exact cause of the explosion is not known, and how many lives were sacrificed will probably not be ascertained for days. Less than two score survivors have been rescued from the 300 men who were at work when the explosion occurred. Those men who came through flames and smoke and debris to the surface are suffering keenly from shock and fright and can tell little of the horrors below ground. When the explosion occurred the detonation was terrific, the force of the concussion breaking windows in houses a considerable distance from the Courtney entrance of the mine.

Before the reverberations had died away a hurrying, panic-stricken procession was on its way to the mine entrance. As these friends and relatives of the men under ground reached the entrance a smoke-grimed and terror-stricken driver with his string of coal cars came tumbling out into the daylight. He said he was well within the mine with his cars when he heard the explosion, which he estimated was at least a mile and a half from the surface. As he rushed to daylight and safety he passed two bodies, one of which he recognized as that of a Frenchman, Wile Leroy, who was a well-to-do resident of the little mining town.

The alarm was sounded all up and down the river valley and within a short time, on foot, in special trains, by wagon and automobile, came scores of workers from other mines, volunteering for places in the rescue parties which were organizing with all possible speed.

On their first entrance into the workings the rescuers were driven back by the smoke and fumes which filled the passages. The force of the explosion had seriously damaged the fans at the Mingo entrance to the mine, thus interfering with the air currents and adding the menace of asphyxiation to the dangers of explosion and falling coal and slate. Temporary repairs were finally made to the air system so that it was possible for the rescue parties to work in short shifts. The new volunteers coming in constantly, relieved those who were exhausted.

But thirty-six men have been rescued from the mine. Of these twenty men escaped at the Mingo entrance, eight at the Finleyville entrance and eight at the Courtney entrance. Those in charge of the rescue work have practically given up hope of saving any of the 100 men at work on the left side of the mine, all of whom must have been within the immediate vicinity of the explosion. Rappings have been heard beyond the piles of debris, which have choked up three main entrances of the mine, and it is hoped that some of the 300 workers within will yet be saved. No dead have been brought out, the rescuers confining all their efforts to the attempt to reach the men who may still be alive. The survivors who have got out tell terrible stories of the scenes within the mine and relate how fire broke out in places, adding to the horror. Many English-speaking miners were employed in this mine, and among the missing are many men well known in the community. Just what was the cause of the disaster has not yet been determined, but the general view is that the explosion came from gas.

## RUSHING THE TARIFF BILL

House Will Hold Night Sessions to Expedite Matters.

Washington, April 24.—It is probable that the tariff bill will be passed by May 10 instead of May 15, as originally planned. On motion of Mr. Underwood it was ordered that general debate on the measure should be concluded when the house adjourns next Monday, and that on the day following it should be taken up paragraph by paragraph under the five-minute rule. It is the belief of the leaders that the house soon will tire of the grind under the five-minute rule and that early in the new month there will be an almost unanimous demand for the early passage of the bill. The house will be kept in session until a late hour at night daily, until the bill has been transmitted to the senate.

### Dog Bite Cause For Action.

Nashville, Ind., April 24.—Robert Parsley has sued John Allender, a neighbor, for \$1,000 damages for a dog bite.

MRS. THOMAS R. MARSHALL  
Wife of Vice President as She Looks From Late Photograph.



## REGARDED WITH GRAVE CONCERN

Serious International Tangle Confronts Administration.

## ALL HAS NOT YET BEEN TOLD

That the President Has Awakened to the Realization That the Anti-Japanese Agitation in California Will Require the Most Careful Handling in Order to Prevent Grave Eventualities Is Shown by Latest Action.

Washington, April 24.—The grave concern with which President Wilson is now regarding the anti-Japanese agitation in California, may be judged from the fact that he has directed Secretary of State Bryan to hurry to Sacramento. Mr. Bryan left Washington this afternoon and will reach Sacramento Monday. He has been instructed by the president to represent the national government in the drafting of an alien land bill by the California legislature.

The president issued this direction after he had ascertained, from resolutions passed by the California state legislature, that the visit of the secretary as proposed by him would be agreeable to that body. Governor Hiram Johnson also telegraphed that the suggested visit would be entirely pleasing to him. The exact purpose of the president in having Mr. Bryan visit Sacramento is to counsel with the legislature and co-operate with the members of the legislature in the framing of a law which will meet the views of the people of the state and yet leave untouched the international obligations of the United States.

Mr. Wilson's decision to send the secretary of state to California was reached after a conference with Mr. Bryan, who had just listened to the Japanese ambassador, Viscount Chinda, voice the grave concern of his government over the situation now existing.

It is regarded as certain here that there have been serious developments within the last few days, as yet not made public, which have caused the situation to assume a much graver aspect than that in which it first presented itself to the president and his advisers. Neither Secretary Bryan nor the Japanese ambassador would discuss the conference between them, but it is understood that the latter gave the secretary of state no assurances as to the course his government would take should the objectionable legislation be enacted. At the White House there are no evidences of optimism over the outlook.

**Many Objected to It.**

Sacramento, Cal., April 24.—In the opinion of many members of the legislature the telegram to President Wilson constitutes an insult to the national government. The legislature voted to accept the suggestion of the president that Secretary Bryan visit Sacramento to confer with state officials regarding proposed alien land legislation, but embodies in the telegram the inference that the legislature will do as it pleases. The chief objection in both houses was the injecting into the telegram and resolution to President Wilson the doctrine of state's rights.

## CHILD CRUSHED BY ROLLER

Shocking Fate Overtakes Tot Playing Beside Father in the Field.

Ottawa, April 24.—Childish curiosity to know what was inside of a heavy iron field roller proved fatal to the four-year-old son of Thomas Burnside, a farmer near Meaford. The boy crawled part way into the roller at a moment when his father's attention was taken up with oiling a bearing and the latter then started up his horses, not knowing the child's predicament. A neighbor who was passing took in the situation at a glance and instantly shouted to Burnside to halt. The roller, however, had already begun to revolve and the child's head was nearly severed from his shoulders, resulting in instant death.

## USED CHURCH AS CLOAK.

New York, April 24.—Walter Thomas, thirty-two years old, has been sentenced to four years and six months in Sing Sing. Thomas, after his arrest charged with robbing office buildings on Sundays, was found to be a well-known British crook. He was engaged to be married to a Brooklyn girl.

Thomas held a responsible position in an insurance company and was prominent in Brooklyn church circles. The fall of Scutari generally has been received as one of the most popular successes of the war between Turkey and the Balkan allies.

The progressive improvement in the general condition of the pope continues and he probably will be able to leave his bed in a few days.

The annual convention of the Churches of Christ of Indiana will be held May 12 to 15 at the Central Christian church at Indianapolis.

William C. Robbins, a lawyer of Norfolk, Va., shot and killed his nine-year-old son and then committed suicide. Robbins had been separated from his wife for some months.

The Chile Copper company, an organization designed to merge all the copper interests in Chile under the control of the Guggenheims, has been chartered in Delaware with a capital stock of \$10,000,000.

A New York office boy with more wit than chivalry got seats for himself and friends in a crowded subway express by freeing a score of mice from a cardboard box and taking advantage of the stampede that followed.

The municipality of Nottingham has decided to refuse to provide protection to suffragette meetings in that city, which means that at future meetings there the suffragettes must face the possibility of lynching unless they hire bruisers to protect them.

## WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p.m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather.
New York.... 69	Cloudy
Boston..... 56	Pt. Cloudy
Denver..... 30	Cloudy
San Francisco. 54	Clear
St. Paul..... 64	Rain
Chicago.... 74	Clear
Indianapolis. 72	Clear
St. Louis.... 72	Cloudy
New Orleans.. 70	Clear
Washington... 74	Cloudy

Showers and cooler.

MISS LUCY B. DODGE.

Late John Bigelow's Granddaughter Ran Away in London.



## FINE EXPANSION UNDER NEW LAW

Growth of Building and Loan Associations Noted.

## ANNUAL REPORT IS JUST OUT

This Presents Some Interesting Figures and Statements Regarding Development of Building and Loan Institutions of the State, Particularly Since the Passage of the Law Safeguarding Investors.

Indianapolis, April 24.—During 1912 builders or buyers of new homes in Indiana used the building and loan associations of the state in 7,875 instances. The annual report of Gilbert H. Hendren, chief of the building and loan department of the auditor of state's office, discusses at length the work being done by this class of financial institutions. Mr. Hendren has been reappointed chief of the department, but will succeed W. A. Dehority as state examiner of the state board of accounts July 1.

Thousands of loans were made to members of the associations for the purpose of improving homes already owned by the members, the report showed. The total number of associations in the state at the close of the year was 357. The membership in the institutions totaled 142,202 and the total assets of the companies were \$51,101,921.75. Fourteen new associations were incorporated during the year and many of the old associations increased their capital stock.

The children are making no further attempts to parade except in isolated instances. The police force the pupils to disperse whenever they show an inclination to gather in groups.

Heeter declares that he has no intention of resigning his position.

## LABOR ARBITRATORS.

W. W. Atterbury, For Railroads, and Albert Phillips, For Firemen.



Photo of Phillips © 1913, by American Press Association.

## MAKING THEM "MOVE ON"

Demonstrations of Pittsburg School Children Stopped by Police.

Pittsburg, April 24.—Without any of the spectacular features which characterized their first protest against the retention of Superintendent of Schools Heeter, the pupils continue their demonstration.

The children are making no further attempts to parade except in isolated instances. The police force the pupils to disperse whenever they show an inclination to gather in groups.

Heeter declares that he has no intention of resigning his position.

## Deadly Premature Explosion.

Riverside, Cal., April 24.—From six to a dozen men were killed as a result of a premature blast at the plant of the Riverside Portland Cement company, three miles from this city. The exact number killed may not be known for some days, as three men working on top of the hill where the explosion occurred were blown to atoms and at least four more were buried under the debris.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

**INDIANAPOLIS GRAIN AND LIVESTOCK.**  
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.04; No. 2 red, \$1.03. Corn—No. 3, 60½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 36¾c. Hay—Baled, \$9.00 @ 11.00; timotay, \$12.00 @ 14.00; mixed, \$10.00 @ 12.00. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 8.75. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.90. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 6.25. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 8.50. Receipts—Cattle, 1,100; hogs, 5,500; sheep, 100.

**AT CINCINNATI.**  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.12. Corn—No. 2, 61½c. Oats—No. 2, 36c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.15. Sheep—\$4.00 @ 6.50. Lambs—\$4.50 @ 9.00.

**AT CHICAGO.**  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.12. Corn—No. 3, 57c. Oats—No. 2, 33½c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00 @ 9.20; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 @ 8.10. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 8.90. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 7.20. Lambs—\$7.15 @ 8.75.

**AT ST. LOUIS.**  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.11. Corn—No. 2, 59c. Oats—No. 2, 34¾c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00 @ 9.20; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 @ 8.10. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 8.90. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 7.20. Lambs—\$7.15 @ 8.75.

**AT EAST BUFFALO.**  
Cattle—\$3.50 @ 9.00. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.40. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 6.55. Lambs—\$6.00 @ 8.40.

## Mail Order Business



Some papers advertise it.

## WE DON'T.

We know it would hurt the home trade.  
We would rather have the ads. of local-merchants.

FETCH THEM IN!  
LET US DO YOUR PRINTING!

## GRAND JURY WILL INVESTIGATE.

Nashville, Ind., April 24.—Coroner Prather has given out the result of the inquest on the body of Norma Taggart, who died suddenly April 12. He finds death due to uraemic poisoning, caused by fear and ill treatment.

The grand jury will take up the investigation of the case. The girl died at the home of her uncle, Hannibal Taggart, east of Nashville.

## CHARGED WITH THEFT OF WATCH.

Shelbyville, Ind., April 24.—Donn Camden of Greensburg was arrested here charged with the theft of a watch and chain valued at \$50 and \$20 in gold from the home of Charles Dalmbert in Greensburg. Joe Juhan, to whom the watch had been pawned, surrendered it and identified Camden as the man who had pawned it.

## BODY FOUND IN WHITE RIVER.

Anderson, Ind., April 24.—The body of Chance Cloyd, twenty-six years old, who disappeared from this city on April 7, was found floating down White river near the North Anderson Union Traction bridge. It is supposed that Cloyd, in a demented condition, threw himself into the river.

## EXTENDING THEIR PROPAGANDA.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 24.—The Socialist executive committee has planned a number of meetings to be held among farmers of the state.

The New 1913

# Rengo Belt

## Reducing Corsets

*are beautiful examples of the scientific reduction of stout and medium figures.*

No other corsets ever have or ever will have, the *wonderful value* that is represented in the *great strength* and wearing qualities of these new 1913 models. By their extra strength, their shapeliness will be retained long after other weaker corsets have stretched and gone to pieces.

The new models introduce abdominal reducing features strikingly simple, successful and comfortable. In addition to the famous *Rengo Belt reinforcement* over the abdomen, we have added this season special wide *elastic webbing*, which automatically reduces the excess flesh and gives an upward support that is most comforting to the wearer. This elastic webbing affords perfect freedom and particularly gives comfort in the sitting position.

All models are boned with *double* watch-spring steel and *guaranteed* not to rust.

**Prices: \$2, \$3 & \$5**  
-----AT-----



## The Gold Mine Dept. Store

**Notice to Contractors.**

Office of City Clerk,  
Seymour, Ind.

Sealed proposals for the improvement of South Chestnut Street in the City of Seymour, Indiana, from the north line of Laurel Street to the south line of Jackson Street, under Improvement Resolution No. 26, passed by the Common Council of the City of Seymour on the 15th day of March, 1913.

Also North Walnut Street in the City of Seymour, Indiana, from the north line of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern right-of-way to the south line of Seventh Street, under Improvement Resolution No. 27, passed by the Common Council of the City of Seymour on the 21st day of March, 1913, by grading, curbing and guttering (where necessary) and paving the roadway of said streets and placing marginal curbing at intersections of streets and alleys, as per plans, profile maps and specifications on file in the office of the City Engineer, will be received in the Council Chamber of the City of Seymour, Indiana, until the 15th day of May, 1913, at 8:00 o'clock, p.m., and not thereafter.

And at the meeting of the Council on the evening of the said date, such bids will be publicly opened by the Common Council, read and considered and the rate of bids noted; and, without necessary delay, the Council will

designate by preliminary order the kind of pavement with which said street shall be improved.

Within ten days after the conclusion of a ten days' period for petitions, said preliminary order will be either confirmed or modified, in accordance with any majority petition which may have been filed within said 10 days' period; and thereupon a final order shall be made fixing the kind of pavement to be laid; and the Common Council may award the contract for said improvement to the best and lowest bidder—reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

The bids are to be made at a stipulated price per square yard for pavement complete including excavation and a stipulated price per lineal foot for curb and gutter and a stipulated price per lineal foot for marginal stone curbing put down.

Bidders may bid on either or on all the following paving material:

Trinidad asphalt.  
Vitrified brick—Medora or equal.  
Creosoted wood block.

Bituminous macadam.

Cement concrete.

Cement concrete with Dolarway top finish.

No two kinds of material shall be bid on the same blank forms.

**INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.**

All bids must be made upon the printed forms to be obtained at the office of the City Clerk; the price written in ink, and stated in both words and figures. Alterations by erasures or interlineations must be explained or noted in the proposition over the signature of the bidder. If any discrepancy occur between the written and the figured prices, those most favorable to the city will be taken as the intention of the bidder.

Bidders must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Common Council that they are fully prepared with the necessary capital and proper facilities to begin, carry on and complete the work to be constructed. Each bid must be accompanied with the usual statutory affidavit of non-collusion, by a certified check in the sum of 2½ per cent. of the engineer's estimate of the cost of the work bid upon, made payable to the Treasurer of the City of Seymour, Indiana, as a guarantee of good faith, which is hereby agreed as liquidated damages and forfeited to the City of Seymour, if such a proposal is accepted and the contract awarded, and the bidder fails to enter into a contract with an approved bond within five days from the time he shall have been notified of the acceptance of the same, then in case of such failure or neglect to do so, the bidder will be considered as having abandoned it, and in default to said city the amount of the certi-

fees check deposited and thereupon the Common Council may re-let the same to any other responsible bidder, or may re-advertise said work to be let as before and so on until the contract be accepted and agreement executed. All checks will be returned to the owners when the contract has been signed and the bond duly executed. Successful bidders will be required to furnish an approved bond within five days from the time they shall have been notified of the acceptance of their bid, in the sum of 50 per cent. of the estimate contract price of their work, conditioned to faithfully commence, carry on and complete the work in every respect according to the true spirit and intent of the plans and specifications.

Such bond shall be one upon which action can be had in the Jackson Circuit Court of Jackson County, Indiana. All bids must be made for materials in the different classes furnished in the work complete, and no estimate will be made for any part of the work not finished, nor materials except in completed work. Bidders shall set forth specifically the character of the materials bid upon together with the name and brand and the manufacturer or locality from which it is derived. All bidders upon asphalt bituminous, coal tar or petroleum product or cement shall file with their bid a chemical analysis of their material. Bidders for brick or for block pavement shall furnish with their bids six or more samples of the brick or block to be used to be deposited with the City Engineer, each brick or block to be labeled with the bidder's name and the address of the manufacturer.

All bricks or blocks, asphalt bitumen and cement used in the work must be equally as good as the samples furnished.

Bidders must also submit a proposal to make any repairs to said pavement rendered necessary at any time within five years by reason of the opening to relay or repair pipes when such openings are made with the consent or approval of the Common Council of the City of Seymour, for any other purposes or by reason of any cause other than that made necessary by defective work or material, by its proper use as a roadway, at a stipulated price per square yard for the foundation and surface so repaired and relaid. For such repairs the contractor shall receive pay at the price agreed upon, and he shall then become responsible for the maintenance of such repaired place during the life of the warranty, the same as for any other portion of the pavement.

Bidders will examine for themselves the location of the proposed work, and all plans, profiles and specifications, so that no misunderstanding may exist in regard to the nature and character of the work to be done. In no case will the contractor be allowed to use materials other than that of the quality and dimensions prescribed by the plans and specifications.

The successful bidder before the work shall begin shall file a satisfactory bond in a sum equal to 30 per cent. of the contract price to guarantee the repair and maintenance of the work for a period of five years from the date of the acceptance of the said work by the Common Council. Said bond shall be one upon which action can be had in the Jackson Circuit Court of Jackson County, Indiana being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75¢.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

**Advertisement.**

**\$100 REWARD, \$100**

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh

being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

LADIES.  
Mrs. Hallie Wagoner.

MEN.  
Mr. Wallace McClannen.

Mr. J. H. Moore.

Mr. W. T. Redifer.

William Schrier.

Cornelius Tunk.

Mr. H. A. Very.

April 21, 1913.

EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

**Musicale and Literary Program.**

The following program will be given in the Progressive Music Company's music room tonight at 8 o'clock:

Sign of the Cross, .... Miss Wagner  
Instrumental Solo-Bereuse-Goddard  
Out to Old Aunt Mary's, Miss Wagner

Instrumental Duet-Sponisphe-Pange  
Moszkowski

Mandalay, .... Miss Wagner  
Instrumental Solo  
Aunt Elmore's Hero, .... Miss Wagner

**FASCINATING HAIR FOR WOMEN**

Is Easy to Have, Natural Colored and Beautiful

So many women have grey or faded hair; neglect it until it becomes thin, dry and lifeless, begins to fall out and makes them appear much older than they really are. If your hair is in this condition get a bottle of Hay's Hair Health today. Don't wait until some one says how much older you look. You'll be delighted at the results from even one or two applications. The grey hairs gradually disappear and your hair will become full of life and vitality. No one can tell that you are using it. It's not a dye but a nice, clean preparation that quickly and effectively keeps your grey hair dark, glossy and natural colored and that all druggists guarantee satisfactory or refund your money. Always ask for Hay's Hair Health. It never fails.

Free: Sign this adv. and take it to the following druggists and get a 50c. bottle of Hay's Hair Health and a 25c. cake of Harfina Soap, for 50c.; or \$1.00 bottle of Hay's Hair Health and two 25c. cakes of Harfina Soap Free, for \$1.

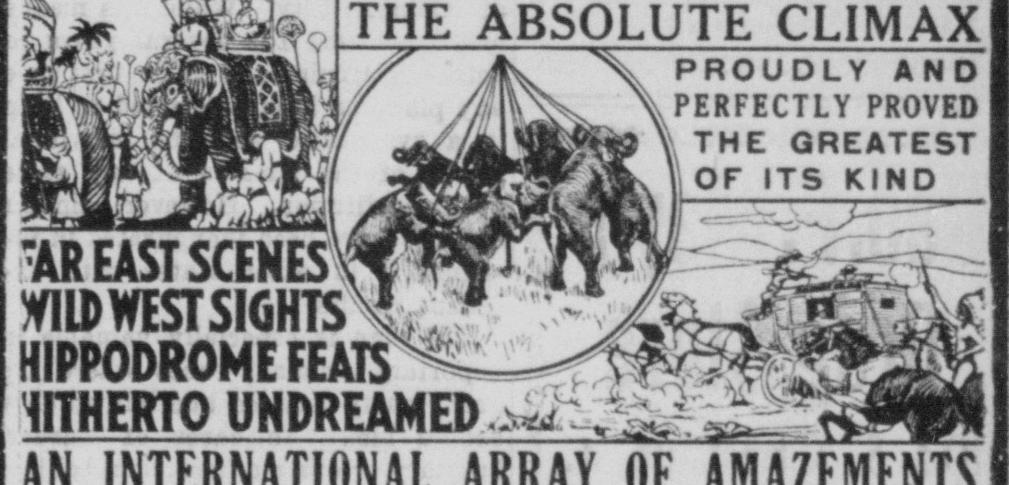
C. E. LOERTZ, A. J. PELLENS,  
GEO. F. MEYER.

# SEYMORE, MAY 2nd

## YOUNG BUFFALO WILD WEST DROME CUMMINS

COL. V.C. SEAVIER'S FAR EAST

THE MOST NOTEWORTHY AND REMARKABLE COMBINE IN AMUSEMENT ANNALS



### THE ABSOLUTE CLIMAX

Proudly and perfectly proved the greatest of its kind

FAR EAST SCENES  
WILD WEST SIGHTS  
HIPPODROME FEATS  
HITHERTO UNDREAMED

AN INTERNATIONAL ARRAY OF AMAZEMENTS



### ATTRACTIOMS WHOLLY NEW to AMERICA

Eldridge's Maypole DANCING ELEPHANTS

THE ORIGINAL 20 OX TEAM

Equestrian Maze WORLD'S NATIONAL ENIGMAS

Greatest Riders of Every Equestrian Nation

INDIANS OF MANY TRIBES

COWBOYS --- VAQUEROS --- COWGIRLS

THE SPLENDORS OF THE ORIENT — THE FEATURES OF THE HIPPODROME IN VIVID CONTRAST WITH PIONEER DAYS

IN NO OTHER ARENA, IN NO OTHER EXHIBITION CAN ANYONE BEHOLD SUCH AUTHENTIC DISPLAYS OF RACIAL CHARACTERISTIC AMUSEMENT

BIG STREET PARADE 10:30 A. M. 2 PERFORMANCES DAILY--2 & 8 P. M., RAIN OR SHINE

# In One Minute Clogged Nostrils Open--Colds & Catarrh Vanish

Stops Nasty Discharge, Clears Stuffed Head, Heals Inflamed Air Passages and You Breathe Freely.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm."

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache will disappear. By morning! the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of

the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which closes the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothng relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake to-night strugling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucus dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

Special agents, The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Advertisement

Why He Was Late  
What made you so late?"

"I met Smithson."

"Well, that is no reason why you should be an hour late getting home to supper."

"I know, but I asked him how he was feeling, and he insisted on telling me about his stomach trouble."

"Did you tell him to take Chamberlain's Tablets?"

"Sure, that is what he needs." Sold by all dealers.

Advertisement

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

A "Want Ad." in the Republican is a "Want Ad." in the Home.

C. E. LOERTZ, A. J. PELLENS,  
GEO. F. MEYER.

**Building Material**

The Very Best  
at the  
Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,  
Sash, Doors and Blinds.

**High Grade Mill Work**

Veneered Doors and In-  
terior Finish.

**Travis Carter Co.**

**Geo. F. Meyer  
Drug Store**

104 S. Chestnut St.  
Phone 247

**SEE—**  
**John W. Stegner**  
For DRIVEN WELLS  
and Pump Repairs.  
119 South Broadway. Phone 650

"Will Go on Your Bond"  
Will write any kind of  
**INSURANCE**

CLARK B. DAVIS  
LOANS NOTARY

**SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK**  
Piano Teacher,  
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.  
SEYMORE, INDIANA.

Fire, Lightning, Tornado and Automobile  
**Insurance**  
Phone 244  
G. L. HANCOCK, Agt.  
SEYMORE, IND.

**H. LETT, M. D. C.**  
Veterinary Surgeon  
111 W. Third St., SEYMORE.  
Phones—New 643 and 644, Old 97 and 80.

**ANNA E. CARTER**  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
Office at the Daily REPUBLICAN  
office, 108 West Second Street.

**Frank Klosterman**  
Contracting House Painter  
709 South Poplar Street  
SEYMORE, IND.

**Louis Dressendorfer**  
Contracting House Painter  
Phone No. 1015.—2. L.  
SEYMORE, INDIANA

**THOS. J. CLARK**  
Fire, Accident and Tornado  
**INSURANCE**  
Surety Bonds  
Opera House Block, Seymour, Indiana

**BAGGAGE TRANSFER.**  
Call 'Phone 468 for transfer  
of baggage or light hauling in  
all parts of the city. Residence'  
phone 612-R. SAM S. WIBLE.

**FIRE INSURANCE**  
A few dollars invested today  
may save you thousands tomorrow  
E. W. BLISH, Room No 11 Postal  
Building

**W. H. BURKLEY**  
REAL ESTATE  
INSURANCE  
and LOANS  
SEYMORE, INDIANA

**THE REPUBLICAN**

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-  
office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY	\$5.00
Six Months	2.50
Three Months	1.25
One Month	.45
One Week	.10

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1913.

**TELL TALE FINGER PRINTS.**  
A new department for the developing  
of the finger print theory for  
identification purposes has been es-  
tablished in the Indiana State Prison  
at Michigan City. While this means  
has been used for several years in  
detecting criminals, it is the first time  
any plan has been attempted to keep  
in a systematic way the individual  
marks of the inmates of any state  
penal institution. However, similar  
systems have been inaugurated in in-  
stitutions in other states with ex-  
cellent results.

The plan is especially valuable in  
important criminal cases where the  
guilty party escaped and left no clew  
behind him. In cases of murder,  
burglary or other crimes, some object  
about the room or other places, where  
the crime is committed, is touched  
by the guilty party and if proper in-  
spection is made the tell tale finger  
prints left behind can be used to ad-  
vantage in effecting his arrest. In  
the state prison the authorities in-  
tend to keep on record the finger  
prints of each inmate, so that in case  
they escape or should be wanted on  
another charge after their release,  
they may be more easily arrested by  
sending out copies of the prints to  
the police throughout the state.

The manner in which the print of  
a finger or thumb may be developed  
is interesting. An expert in this work  
can detect an impression upon glass  
or other material, where it can not  
be seen without the aid of a micro-  
scope. In a test recently made at the  
state prison, the warden with ordinary,  
clean hands picked up a white  
envelope and no visible mark could  
be seen upon it. A finger print ex-  
pert happened to be in the office at  
the time and asked for the privilege  
of developing the print. In a short  
time he returned with the impression  
left by the warden's finger upon the  
white envelope.

Upon another occasion an interesting  
experiment was made. An expert of  
the new department asked several  
men to have one of their number to  
pick up a glass bottle. The expert  
was not present at the time the bot-  
tle was handled but by means of de-  
veloping the finger prints left on the  
white glass and by taking the impres-  
sion of all of the men present, he was  
able to tell which man had touched  
the bottle. These experiments prove  
that the system is a success and that  
it can be used to an advantage in  
making arrests.

A valuable feature of the plan is  
that if a person is suspected of a  
crime and finger prints have been left  
by the guilty party, it will be easy to  
ascertain if the suspected party is  
the one wanted. It is said that the  
lines or marks of the fingers and  
thumb remain the same at all times  
and do not change with age or under  
other conditions.

It is reported that criminals re-  
alize the danger of leaving the mark  
of their hand upon any object and  
already some of them have adopted  
the scheme of wearing artificial finger  
tips while engaged in their unlaw-  
ful work.

The report has been given out that  
Secretary of State Bryan and Champ  
Clark have patched up their differ-  
ences and are now in friendly terms.  
So good so far, but both of these  
politicians are persistent fighters and  
we'll just wait and see what position  
Mr. Clark will take when the Secre-  
tary of State runs for presidential  
nomination again. Often times  
"hatchets" are buried so the handles  
are above ground.

**Hardy Roses**

In hardy roses for the garden or  
lawn, we are offering the few varie-  
ties that have been found to be the  
most reliable. They have plump  
green wood and hosts of roots.

We also offer you two of the best  
Clematis—Jackmanii—Deep purple,  
Paniculata—Feathery white.

The above will be on sale at our  
store, 16 N. Chestnut street Sat-  
urday, April 12th, and thereafter dur-  
ing the spring.

**Seymour**  
**Greenhouses**  
Phone 58. Store Phone 167.

**HOW LONG ARE  
YOUR DOLLARS**

The dollar is a yardstick.  
It will measure your cost of  
living, your extravagance, your  
thrift. It will measure what you  
know about the things you buy.  
If you buy unthrifly, thought-  
lessly, at the wrong time and  
place, the length of your dollar  
yardstick is shortened. But if  
you buy of reputable stores, buy  
good qualities, and buy season-  
ably, your yardstick shows you  
a lowered cost of living and a  
full measure of satisfaction in  
articles bought.

Lengthen your dollar yard-  
stick. Begin today. Read the  
advertisements in THE REPUB-  
LICAN closely and carefully,  
and benefit by the buying oppor-  
tunities they afford.

**May Magazines.**

Farm and Fireside, an agricultural  
paper, published in Springfield, Ohio,  
includes in its current issue an editorial  
entitled "Parcels-Post In Action," an extract from which follows:

"The State of Ohio saved the tidy  
sum of \$13,600 in one transaction by  
taking advantage of parcel post to  
send out the automobile tags for the  
present year. Instead of an average  
cost of twelve and a half cents for  
each tag sent last year, the tags went  
this year for eight cents each by par-  
cel post."

In the May Woman's Home Com-  
panion appears a report of a scientific  
baby show recently held in Den-  
ver, where the babies were judged  
not according to their beauty but ac-  
cording to their physical condition.  
One of the surprising results is con-  
tained in the following extract:

"The children who scored highest  
were fed regularly both before and  
after weaning. They slept alone and in  
well ventilated rooms. They spent  
much time outdoors. The city babies  
scored higher than the country babies  
and children of physicians, as a class  
scored higher than the babies of men  
in any other professions or pursuits."

**La Americana**

A fragrant 5-cent cigar of quality.

m26d

**Plants! Plants! Plants!**

For sale by T. W. Kennedy, Hayden  
Ind. Early cabbage, tomatoes, pep-  
pers, egg plants, celery and sweet po-  
tato plants, best varieties, stalky  
good count and lowest prices. m8w

**SPECIAL  
CASH PRICES**  
For All This Week

Beginning Tuesday Morning, April 22,  
Will Close Saturday Night, April 26th

Bleached Muslin, for this week,  
per yard

**5c**

One large lot of ladies' Handker-  
chiefs, worth 7½c each, 2 in box

Coats special for this  
week, only

**\$4.95**

Yard wide Percale in light and  
dark colors, per yard

**7½c**

36 inch Messalines in mostly  
all colors, per yard

**69c**

Cotton Poplin in a few col-  
ors, for this week, per yard

**12½c**

One large lot of Poplins and  
Soisettes, about all colors, at

**19c**

Silk Poplins in about all col-  
ors, 50c quality at

**38c**

20 per cent. on all heavy  
dress goods.

One large lot of ladies' Skirts, worth up to  
\$5.00, at

**\$2.98**

Embroideries and Laces at  
Special Prices

**The DAY-LIGHT  
DRY GOODS STORE  
POSTAL BUILDING  
SEYMORE, INDIANA**

Henry Ford has built more automobiles  
than any man who ever lived. He  
knows how. That's the reason he can  
build "The Universal Car" at a won-  
derfully low price. Better get yours  
now—if you want a Ford this season.

Our great factory has produced nearly  
a quarter of a million Model T's. Prices:  
Runabout, \$525; Touring Car, \$600;  
Town Car, \$800—f. o. b. Detroit with all  
equipment. For particulars get "Ford  
Times"—an interesting automobile  
magazine.

**R. F. Buhner**

Circle & High St. Phone 189.

**Correct Form  
Comfortable Service  
Out-wears Others**

Is the verdict of those who wear

**G.D. Justrite  
Corsets**

Price from 50c to \$2—

Brand new line of House Dresses,  
Calicoes, Ginghams, at very low  
prices.

Lace Curtains, Rugs, Linoleum,  
Window Shades.

**W. H. REYNOLDS**

Phone 163. 21-23 S. Chestnut St.

**MATTRESS  
Clearance Sale**

We Offer a Lot of Mattresses  
at a Great Sacrifice.

**A FEW SPECIALS QUOTED BELOW**

50 lb. good quality Felt Mattress, art ticking .....	\$4.98
\$5.00 Combination, roll edge, art ticking .....	\$2.98
Full size Cotton Top Mattress .....	\$1.79
20 lb. all cotton pads to be used on folding beds and sanitary coaches .....	\$1.79
25 lb. white cotton pads, art ticking .....	\$2.98
12 lb. all cotton pads for 30 inch cots .....	98c

THIS SALE LASTS TILL APRIL 30.

**HEIDEMAN**

**The Country Store  
East Second Street****Special Prices For  
Friday & Saturday**

Pure Lard, per lb.....	14c
Pickle Pork, per lb.....	12c
Jowl Bacon, per lb.....	12½c
Home Grown Potatoes, per pk.....	20c
3 lb. can Sweet Potatoes, per can	10c
3 lb. hand packed Tomatoes, can	12c
3 lb. can Pumpkin, 2 for.....	15c
2 lb. can Corn, 2 for.....	15c
Bull's Rolled Oats, per lb.....	4c
E-Z Bake or Gold Medal Flour, per bag .....	65c

**RAY R. KEACH**

Treat Your Feet  
to the Best  
In Strictly High Class  
DRESS SHOES.  
HERE THEY ARE:



**Regal, Florsheim and  
Walker & Whitman**

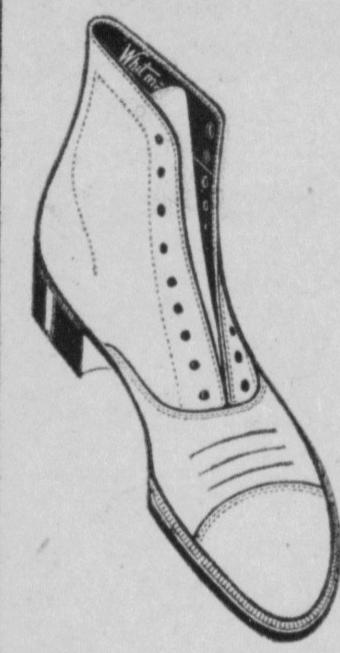
All the Newer Lasts  
A Shoe For Every Foot  
**\$3.50**

**\$4.00**

**\$5.00**

Get Your Shoes From a Specialty Line

**The Hub**  
MEN'S SHOE SHOP



Just Received  
---A FRESH LOT OF---  
**Onion Sets**  
**MAYES**

## Electric Wiring

Yes, we do Electric Wiring, have for 15 years, and do it right. All work guaranteed to pass fire underwriters' inspection.

Phone 165 and let us call and give you an estimate.

**BEVINS PLUMBING SHOP**  
15 S. Chestnut Street.

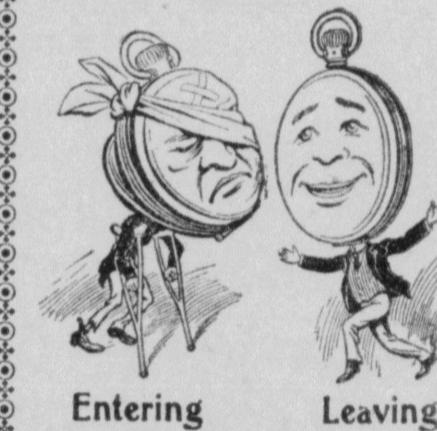
**ABSTRACTER &  
ATTORNEY**  
When you buy a farm  
or city lot, demand an  
Abstract made by  
**C.F. Lautzenheiser**  
BROWNSTOWN, IND.



When we repair a watch or clock  
You may depend upon it if it is beyond repair we will tell you so and if it is possible to make it run right we will repair it.

We guarantee all our work. Can you afford to go elsewhere.

**J.G. LAUPUS**  
JEWELER



Entering  
Leaving  
**Our Repair Dept.**

We Fix-em and  
Fix-em RIGHT

**T.R. HALEY, Jeweler**  
10 E. 2nd St. Phone 739

## Every Home

can be made brighter with Johnson's  
Artistic Wood Finishes.

Under-Lac, Filler, Flat Wood Finish,  
Prepared Wax.

Wood Dyes in sixteen standard  
shades.

Screen Enamel will make your old  
screens look like new.

**ADAMANT FLOOR PAINT.**

It floors them all. A special paint  
for a special purpose. 50c per quart.

**Loertz Drug Store**

Phone 116. Milhouse Block.

## Look! HOME MADE CLOTHES

Guaranteed Fit. \$18. up.

We clean and press your old  
clothes and make them look like new.

**D. DeMATTEO**  
1st Door E. of Trac. Sta. Phone 468.

**CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.**  
Practice Limited to Diseases of the  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
and Fitting Glasses.

Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m.  
Andrews Bldg. Phone 245. Seymour, Ind.

## PERSONAL.

E. M. Young made a business trip to Shoals this morning.

C. S. Mercer made a business trip to Indianapolis today.

E. P. Elsner made a business trip to Indianapolis this morning.

Mrs. John T. Jones and Mrs. Ed Perkins spent today in Indianapolis.

Mrs. Laura Moseley came from Hayden this morning to spend a few days.

Misses Lillian and Bernice Lutes of Houston were in the city Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Alice Taylor and Mrs. D. J. Cummings were in the city from Meadville this morning.

Miss Nina Ewing has returned from an extended trip to Panama, Jamaica, Cuba and Florida.

Mrs. Nancy Newkirk of Brownstown was here this morning on her way to Columbus.

Mrs. Charles Brewer of Columbus was here this afternoon on her way to Fremont to visit relatives.

J. T. Abell returned Wednesday evening from Columbus, where he has been attending court all week.

Mrs. Minnie Rust and daughter of Fremont were here this morning and went to Clifford to visit relatives.

Miss Ida Larrabee returned to her home in Hayden this morning after a short visit with Mrs. Joe Hedges.

Mrs. Fannie Riley, who is the guest of Mrs. Ellsworth Johnson, went to Columbus this morning to visit relatives.

Miss Elizabeth Hunterman went to Indianapolis this morning to spend the remainder of the week with relatives.

Mrs. Will Schobert returned home this morning from a visit in North Vernon with Mr. and Mrs. Phil Schobert and family.

Miss Anna Kerl, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. August Kerl, returned to Indianapolis this afternoon.

Miss Daisy Eldridge of Cincinnati came this afternoon to visit relatives here, before leaving for the West to spend the summer.

Mrs. H. F. White and son, Mrs. Amanda White and the latter's son, Joe Schwing of Deadwood, S. D., spent today in Crothersville with Mr. and Mrs. Elza Jones.

## NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

George Heuser is reported to be quite sick at his home with heart trouble.

Arthur Dale, the six year old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Hair is quite sick with the measles.

Marguerite, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson, is sick with the measles.

Clark Davis and Postmaster Remy drove to Columbus this morning in the former's automobile.

Herman Chambers drove to Columbus in an automobile this morning and from there will go to Indianapolis.

Kenneth, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ortstadt, who has been a patient at the Schneek hospital for a week, continues to improve.

Susie Cadem has filed a divorce in the Jackson circuit court against James Cadem, Jr. They were married January 5, 1910 and separated in February 1911. The plaintiff seeks alimony in the sum of \$1,500. She alleges failure to provide as the grounds for the divorce. The plaintiff is represented by F. W. Wesner.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

W. C. T. U.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held yesterday afternoon with Mrs. John Hinler, East Sixth street. Mrs. M. C. Carpenter read an excellent paper, "Bible Teaching on Sabbath Observance." Mrs. W. F. Pfaffenberger read an interesting paper, "Street Dissipation," after which Mrs. John Widener gave a reading on "How to Keep Small Boys off the Streets." The meeting closed with a very pleasant social session. Two visitors were present. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. Mary Schneek on South Chestnut street.

PYTHIAN SISTERS

The Pythian Sisters will give an entertainment Tuesday night at the K. of P. Hall for the benefit of the members of the lodge at Medora. The entertainment will be known as "The Old Maids' Convention," and a good time is promised for those attending.

## We Would Like To Have You Come In

And look at the new SUITS and FURNISHING GOODS now being shown here. We would especially like to have you try on a few of our Suits in the size that was made to fit a man of your build. We'd like to have you stand before the mirror, view the garments from all sides and see if you have ever had a better fit.

And we'd like to have you do the same with your boy, too—if you have one—for the boys' clothes we sell are tailored in an uncommon manner. They are extremely stylish, very durable and fit perfectly.

WE LIKE TO SHOW GOODS. COME.

## Adolph Steinwedel PAY LESS and DRESS BETTER



April is the diamond month. If your birthday isn't in April, a diamond is a good investment anyway. We have a few that we bought right and will sell them right.

We guarantee every gem we handle to be exactly what we say it is. And you have to take, someone's SAY SO.

**W. Stratton & Son, Jewelers**

HAVE you ever considered your plumbing from the standpoint of home health? There is no feature about the house that tends to maintain the health of yourself and family more than a sanitary plumbing equipment.

There is but one way to insure hygienic conditions in your home, and that is insist that your plumbing fixtures are of a reputable make and that they are installed right.

"Standard" Plumbing Fixtures and our high-grade workmanship provide every requisite of a sanitary and efficient plumbing equipment and insure permanent satisfaction.

**J.A. Quinn & Co.**

Phone 237. 115 S. Chestnut St.

## New Perfection Oil Cook Stoves

Best on the market. Cheaper than Gas Stoves. Cooler than Coal Stoves. Lawn Mowers Sharpened. Bicycles repaired.

**W.A. Carter & Son**  
Opposite Traction Station.

## Better Clothes



**You'll Do Well**

to come to this Home of Good Clothes for all your Spring Outfitting:

### CLASSY SUITS

Here are the Spring styles, beautifully tailored from choice suitings. Different and better in every way

\$10-\$12-\$15-\$20 to \$25.00

### SHIRTS

Exclusive and classy styles in Shirts

50c-75c-\$1.00-\$1.50-\$2.00

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for the price you can possibly get nowadays; also a full line of rough and dressed timber in white and yellow pine, maple, cherry, oak, birch and mahogany, for both exterior and interior carpentering. Everything in the way of sash, doors, blinds and fittings for stores, office buildings, dwellings, etc. Our qualities are of the highest standard. Let us quote prices—they'll be low enough.

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All kinds of Soft, Stiff, Straw and Panama Hats to Clean, Block and Reshape.

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## INCOME TAX IN MANY NATIONS

How It Is Assessed and Collected Abroad.

### SOME MINUTE GRADATIONS.

Comparisons With That Proposed In Underwood Bill Are Difficult Since Rates, Rules and Exemption Are Constantly Changing—States and Cities Have Schedules of Their Own.

Now that the subject of the income tax is attracting so much attention in America it is interesting to note how other countries apply the system and what results they obtain from it. An exact comparison of the tax proposed in the Underwood bill with those collected elsewhere is not easily drawn, for the reason that rates, rules and exemptions the world over are constantly changing and that many other forms of taxation are hard to distinguish from the income tax proper.

For instance, the separate German states levy income taxes. Some German cities do also, and the imperial German government is about to take an especial contribution from large incomes, presumably paid in five installments, so that for five years and perhaps longer, some Germans may have triple income taxes to pay.

In Great Britain the estate taxes levied as death duties bring in a revenue of \$125,000,000 a year. They are graduated, rising to 8 and 10 per cent on large estates. On those of over \$15,000,000 the first \$5,000,000 pays 10 per cent and the remainder 15 per cent.

#### British Exemption Varies.

The British income tax proper was leveled off and on during the Napoleonic wars and steadily since 1842. The exemption has varied from \$500 to \$800 and is now the latter figure. The rate has varied from less than 1 per cent upward.

During the Boer war it rose to 14d. the pound, or nearly 6 per cent. It was not then graduated. A super tax is now levied, and the principles of graduation and discrimination have been further introduced, though to a lesser extent than on the continent.

The tax is producing this year \$220,000,000, more than twice what the Underwood bill contemplates. An earned income of \$15,000 pays 9d. in the pound on \$9,200 and 14d. on \$5,000; \$800 being exempt. An unearned income pays 14d. In general the lowest rate is 9d., or about 3.75 per cent.

The highest is 14d. with a super tax of 1d. the pound, or nearly 6 per cent. It was not then graduated. A super tax is now levied, and the principles of graduation and discrimination have been further introduced, though to a lesser extent than on the continent.

A man with five children and \$1,500 a year pays 9d. in the pound on \$150, or about \$5.40 tax.

#### The Austrian Method.

Austria divides the income tax into very many minute gradations. The exemption is \$250, but above that limit the entire income is taxed. The lowest rate is 0.6 per cent. Strictly speaking, there is no "highest." The rate continues to rise as the income increases.

At \$42,500 the tax paid is \$1,937.50, or 4.5 per cent. An income of \$500,000 would pay close to 5 per cent.

There are various exemptions for the emperor, diplomats, soldiers, families with children, the blind, crippled, bedridden, etc.

The German income tax laws vary with the state. In Prussia the exemption is \$225. An income of \$250 pays \$1.50. The rate averages 3 per cent, but large incomes pay 5 per cent upon the greater part. Earned incomes are taxed less than unearned ones, and there are numerous exemptions.

Saxony has 118 gradations and taxes an income of \$100 24 cents. There is an abatement for children. Large incomes pay a much higher rate than moderate ones. Bavaria taxes earned income up to 3 per cent, unearned income up to 4 per cent.

The exemption in the case of unearned income is only \$17.50. If you have, say, \$20 unearned income it pays 30 cents tax.

#### In Italy and Spain.

The tax in Italy rises to 20 per cent on large incomes, but takes the place of other taxation to an extent not here contemplated. Much the same is true of Spain.

New Zealand, a country very advanced in social legislation, exempts incomes up to \$1,500. Incomes over \$6,500 pay 5 per cent, and so do corporations.

In thirty-seven countries of the world the income tax is estimated to yield one-half of all the returns from direct taxation. In Great Britain it yields more than half.

Wisconsin has a state income tax. The exemption is \$800 for a single person, \$1,200 for husband and wife and \$200 for each minor or other dependent. The rate varies from 1 to 6 per cent.

A Wisconsin millionaire, under the combination of state and federal taxation, may presently be called upon to pay 10 per cent upon the greater part of his income.

Of course the average rent payer in any American city pays much more than 10 per cent of his income in indirect taxation, federal, state and local.

### Minute "Movies" of the News Right Off the Reel

South Norwalk, Conn., has made kissing in public a jail offense.

Only one baby was born to every thirty families in France during 1912.

Two San Francisco prisoners have been sent up for twenty-two years for stealing 60 cents.

The Marquis of Huntley, sued in London for a coal bill, pleaded that his only money was what his wife gave him.

A Jamesburg (N. J.) farmer has invented a swivel gun that will swing automatically to any angle and pump buckshot into chicken thieves.

Dexter Bullard of Spencer, Mass., is the oldest man in the country to hold public office. He is ninety-seven years old and has just begun a three year term as water commissioner.

Two western detectives disguised as women carried \$1,000 to meet robbers who had demanded this sum. Instead of capturing the bandits they were held up by them and relieved of the money.

Over a thousand dollars in gold certificates was recently found in gutters, vacant lots and back yards of Leavenworth, Kan. The money is believed to be robbers' loot concealed in a tree and dislodged by the tornado.

### SHAFT COMMEMORATES WILD WEST DAYS OF OLD.

Kings of the Plains Unveil Monument at St. Joseph, Mo.

A handsome granite monument, commemorative of the pony express riders of earlier days, was unveiled recently in Patee park, St. Joseph, Mo. The monument stands on the spot from which the first express rider started April 3, 1860. It was presented to St. Joseph by the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Charles Cliff of St. Joseph, one of the few surviving pony express riders, unveiled the shaft.

William F. (Buffalo Bill) Cody, one of the original riders, and Governor Elliott W. Major of Missouri, a direct descendant of one of the owners of the first pony express company, delivered addresses.

The monument is of red granite blasted from a quarry in the Ozark mountains. On its front the following words are inscribed:

This monument, erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution and the city of St. Joseph, marks the place where the first pony express started on April 3, 1860.

Among those who took part in the ceremonies was L. P. Evans of Wichita, Kan., a cousin of John Fry, the rider who started with the first express pouch.

### BIGGEST CANDLE IN WORLD.

To Be Burned at Rome in Honor of the Late J. P. Morgan.

The largest wax candle ever molded was ordered recently by Father E. T. Malone and his parishioners at Our Lady of Mount Carmel's Roman Catholic church in Jersey City, N. J. It will be sent to the Vatican at Rome to be burned on feast days in memory of the late J. P. Morgan.

It will cost \$1,500 to make the candle and send it to Rome. An oil painting of Mr. Morgan by Fausto Restivo will be placed at the base. The candle will be sixteen feet in height, with a base eighteen inches wide tapering to six inches.

Father Monteleone says that if the candle was lighted one day each year it would last for 300 years, but if steadily burned it would be consumed in nine months.

### BOSTON FIRM RAISES FOXES.

Will Produce the Valuable Prince Edward Island "Silver-Black."

The raising of the Prince Edward Island "silver-black" fox is making progress in Boston. A charter was issued recently for a \$350,000 company to be known as the Massachusetts Silver-Black Fox company, with offices in that city.

A pair of tested breeders of this type of fox is worth from \$30,000 to \$35,000. Prince Edward Island has long been noted as one spot where silver-black foxes can be raised with success. The industry began on the island twenty years ago. At that time entirely black foxes were unobtainable. By inbreeding a type of animal has been produced which is jet black all over, except for a few silver hairs on the tip of the tail and a stripe along the back.

#### Sect of Self Whippers.

In certain unfrequented parts of Las Animas county, Colo., the Penitentes, a strange religious sect, recently put in a week strong for their sins of the past. The rites consist of scourging themselves with pieces of twisted soapweed until the blood flows freely from many gashes in the skin. At sunset each day the Penitentes walk to a secluded spot and reproduce in a crude fashion the crucifixion.

Under their act of 1904 the Clyde navigation trustees widened a part of the river opposite the yard for the purpose of accommodating the Lusitania, and since that time, in anticipation of the launching of the Aquitania, the

## WORLD'S BIGGEST SHIP WILL BE HALF MILE LONG, SAYS AN EXPERT

Growth In Size of Liners Has Continued Steadily For Forty Years.

One "Greatest" Rapidly Succeeds Another, and the End Is Not Yet.

### DIMENSIONS OF THE TWO BIGGEST SHIPS.

#### AQUITANIA.

Length	...901 feet
Beam	...97 feet
Gross tonnage	47,000 tons
Speed	23 knots
Passenger capacity	3,250
Number of crew	1,900

#### IMPERATOR.

Length	...900 feet
Beam	...96 feet
Gross tonnage	50,000 tons
Speed	22½ knots
Passenger capacity	4,000
Number of crew	1,900

widening has been continued along the north side of the Newshot isle—that is, along the south bank of the Clyde.

#### Dredging Necessary.

A large piece of land was removed, and dredging operations increased the depth of water in front of the ship. Special provision had to be made in order that when the ship "dipped" on finally leaving the ways there would be an adequate depth of water.

This abnormal depth is, however, necessary only over a comparatively small area. The builders' fitting out basin at Clydebank also had to be dredged to accommodate the liner.

The Aquitania is expected to reach New York on her maiden trip in the spring of 1914. Her arrival there will present a new problem to the harbor experts, for special precautions must be observed in placing such a Leviathan in a berth at the water front.

An important feature of the Aquitania is the protection of vulnerable parts by means of a double shell, an inner as well as an outer, both being watertight. Further provision against flooding in case of an accident also has been made by the construction of water tight decks. Anti-rolling tanks also will be used.

The division of the ship into watertight compartments is much more extensive than is required by any regulations, and exceptional conditions might therefore have been obtainable in connection with the lifeboats.

The big ship building race between these two powerful ocean transportation companies is not yet ended. In fact, the planning of other ships which will be bigger than either the Imperator or the Aquitania already is underway; hence comes the question, "What will the world's biggest steamship eventually be?"

#### Astonishing Prediction.

The answer of an English authority is, "A ship half a mile long, registering 200,000 tons, having a beam of 240 feet and accommodations for 60,000 passengers, if the growth in the size of ships continues as fast for the next forty years as it has during the last forty."

By means of a plotted curve he indicated the growing size of modern liners, which begins with the Great Western in 1840 and rises with steadily increasing ascent to the Aquitania and Imperator of today. If this curve is projected in the most conservative path to the year 1935 you have a ship 1,600 feet long and in two decades more one of 2,350, or five times the length of the Olympic.

"Ships have been growing larger," he said, "ever since Mr. Paleolithicus, or more probably his young son, first sat on a log and paddled himself across a creek. And the growth has been perfectly continuous except for one break at the close of the Roman empire when civilization declined."

"The extremely rapid development of material civilization today will surely not be so much halted in the next generation, especially since the speed of progress is accelerating. And one of the characteristics of civilization has for a century been a universal growth in the size of things—buildings, railroads, ships, machines."

#### A Steady Growth.

"It is hard to imagine a ship whose cable links each weigh two-thirds of a ton being launched in two decades and a half. But the curve of growth has been steady and sure, except where the Great Eastern exceeded it. If we say that it will not continue in the future we but echo what has been said time and again in the past, and always the curve has continued."

"Objections that greater ships would be unwieldy or too deep for our harbors have been made in the past and blotted out by the next Leviathan. The advantages of having such large ships will be the greater speed they will afford, a reduction of the dangers at sea and the provision of greater comforts and amusements, not to mention the practical abolition of seasickness."

The launching of the Aquitania necessitated arrangements on a scale of magnitude never before required at a shipyard on the river Clyde.

The area of the sliding ways was about 10,000 square feet and the pressure about 2.6 tons per square foot. Though the new ship was built on the berth occupied by the Lusitania, the ground had to be remade.

To enable it to bear the load it was piled and crosspiled, and over the cross-piles were placed layers of steel plates and quantities of cement, especially toward the way ends, where the pressure when the vessel was partly water borne was enormous. In addition to the preparations in the yard, a good deal was done in the river itself with the object of securing sufficient room and water for the liner when she was afloat.

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### Blue Sky Laws

When airships grow so commonplace That all men live in air Familiar signs we see on earth Will have new meaning there.

Our well known sign "Keep Off the Grass" Will not restrain the crowds. Instead, to check the ruffious herd, We'll see "Keep Off the Clouds."

How strange to us will seem these words (On Sirius at least) In letters large, "Dogs Here Allowed." What joy to canine beast!

"No Shooting Here" will not be meant For sportsmen up on high, But rather for the meteors That dart across the sky.

And yet, though signs be modified As new environmental laws, One old, familiar face we'll see Unaltered—"Post No Bills!"

—Blanche Elizabeth Wade in New York Times.

### HIGH HONOR CONFERRED ON AN INSANE PAINTER.

Inmate of Madhouse Sixteen Years Is Elected to Academy.

Ralph Albert Blakelock, an artist who has been an inmate of an insane asylum for sixteen years, was recently elected to an associate membership in the National Academy of Design. The balloting took place in New York.

There were thirty-one other candidates, but Mr. Blakelock alone received the unanimous support of the hundred academicians voting.

The decision to honor Mr. Blakelock was made after one of his paintings had been sold for \$13,000 and others had been hung in the Metropolitan museum, the Brooklyn institute, the Corcoran gallery and the National gallery, in Washington.

The career of Mr. Blakelock was one of the tragedies of American art. He was born in New York on Oct. 15, 1847, and gained his art education there. He refused to attend the art schools, but studied with whatever artist took his fancy. His first fame came from Indian canvases, and the greatest of these he painted just before it was discovered that he was violently insane.

It is the aim of the organizing committee in charge to bring together at Buffalo a record number of men and women interested in improving the health and efficiency of school children and to make this congress, the first of its kind ever held in America, one of direct benefit to each individual community.

While he was at work on this picture, "The Pine Dance," now in the Metropolitan museum, his friends found him in his studio playing a piano violently and then working on the painting, which was arranged on the piano in place of a piece of music. He was playing the piano and painting at the same time, he explained, because he needed the rhythm of the music to enable him to make his Indians dance.

As a matter of fact, it was the rhythmic swing of the dancers that made the painting famous.

### LESSON FROM THE TITANIC.

The same provisions against accidents also will be found in the big liners Lusitania, Mauretania and Imperator. Profiting by the appalling lesson of

# THE PURCHASE PRICE; OR, THE CAUSE OF COMPROMISE

By EMERSON HOUGH

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## CHAPTER XIII.

**H**ECTOR had not carried a second week at Tallwoods before offering his hand and his cooper shop to Jeanne. With Gallic caution she made delicate inquiry of Hector's father as to the yearly returns and probable future of the cooperative business at St. Genevieve, as to the desirability of the surrounding country upon which the cooperative business might have its own field. All these matters met her approval. Wherefore, the air of Jeanne became tinged with a certain lofty condescension. In her own heart she trembled now, not so much as to her own wisdom or her own future, but as to the meeting which must be had between herself and her mistress.

"Jeanne," demanded Josephine one day, "are you a woman enough whom I deserve you? You have often seen me and the young man wonder in very close conversation. You must have a care."

"Madame," expostulated Jeanne, "it is nothing, I assure you."

"Perhaps, but it is of such nothings that troubles sometimes come. Tell me, what has this young man said to you?"

"He has said many things, madame."

"As, for instance, that you please him, that you are beautiful, that you have a voice and hand, a turn of the arm—that you have the manner 'Par-sienne'—Jeanne, is it not so?"

"But, yes, and I made more, more, more, than young men exercise judgment, and more discriminating taste. Also he is of an excellent cooperative business in St. Genevieve under your roof. Moreover, I find the produce of the grape in this country to increase yearly, so that the business seems to be of a certain future, madame. His community is well founded, the oldest in this portion of the valley. He is young, he has no engagements—at least so far as I discover. He has an excellent home with his old master, Ah, well! madame, one might do worse."

"So, then, a cooperative business so promising as that, Jeanne, seems more desirable than my own poor employment? You have no regard for your duty to one who has served you, I suppose? Please accept my precisely at the time my own affairs require my presence in Washington."

"But, madame, why Washington? Is that our home? What actual home has madame on the face of the earth? Ah, heaven, were only it possible that this man were to be considered! This place so large, so beautiful, so fitting for the mistresses to control it. Madame says she was carried away against her will, I hoped—that some time a man should steal me, to carry me away to some place such as this! And to make love of such a warmth!"

"Jeanne, I forbid you to continue." The eyes of the mistress had a dangerous sparkle.

"I obey, madame. I am silent. But listen! Now comes this Hector, far more bold and determined than that Mr. Dunwoode. That assassin! He has not hesitated! Seeing that he would in any case possess myself, would carry me away, I yielded, but with honor and grace, madame."

"You would forsake me?"

"Madame, I confess sometimes in my heart there comes a desire for a home, for a place where one may abide, where one may cease to wander."

Joséphine sat silent for a moment in the direction of the half-breed boy. And where was any home now for her? The recreant maid saw something of her mistress' feeling upon her face.

"Madame," she exclaimed, falling upon her knees in consternation. "To think I would desert you! In my heart resides nothing but loyalty for you. How could you doubt?"

But Josephine was in her own way, and the night Jeanne kissed her hand dutifully, yet the very next morning in the presence of Lily, with sobs, tears, she admitted that she had decided to leave service, no longer to be Jeanne, but Mme. Hector Fournier.

"But, madame," said Jeanne, still fearing, returning after a brief absence from the room, "although I leave now for St. Genevieve to stand before the priest, I shall not see Madame without at least once. If she could take service with madame, Madame plans soon to return to the east. Perhaps this Lily, then?"

"Ma'am, I want to work for you," broke out Lily suddenly, stretching out her hands. "I do want to go with you. I can't go back home; I'd only run away again. They've got to kill me."

Some swift arithmetic was passing through Joséphine's mind at the time. Here, then, was concrete opportunity to set in practice some of her theories

"Lily, would you like to come with me as my maid?" she demanded. "You can learn, do you think, in case I should need you?"

"Of course I could learn, ma'am. I'd do my very best."

It was thus that it was agreed, with small preliminary, that on the next

est attached to the news that a Hungarian committee of inquiry had landed upon our shores, with the purpose of investigating a possible invitation from our republic to the Hungarian patriot, Kosuth, then in exile in Turkey.

The leader of the party was General Zemplen, an officer of the patriot army of Hungary, who brought with him a suit of some dozen persons.

These, late in the winter of 1850-51, arrived at Washington and found quarters of a somewhat magnificent sort in one of the more prominent hotels of the national capital.

The first formal action of the Hungarian committee took the shape of a return reception, to be held in the hotel parlors. The invitations, issued as they were, were not numerous, and the supply. The administration, for which Mr. Webster, our secretary of state, had not hesitated to write in most determined fashion to the attaché Hulsmann regarding the presumptuous Austrian demands upon our government, none the less was much in a funk regarding "European obligations."

Not wishing to offend the popular fancy and not daring to take decisively stand on the question, we did what we could. The commanding officer of the navy, with his wife and one or two other ladies, was dispatched quasi officially to lend color to the occasion.

Such splendor as could be arranged had been provided for the setting off this event. A Hungarian orchestra, brought with these commissioners, discussed its peculiar music beyond a screen of palms and flowers. One of the great leaders of the party who could not resist the temptation to dance. At the head of the little line of these visitors now themselves in effect hosts, stood the old Hungarian general, Zemplen, an officer over six feet in height, with white hair and wide white mustaches, a distinguished figure in the brilliant Hungarian uniform. He who attempts to speak of the young who could not have been born with your revenues. I know your strange, unhappy life, my dear. But have a care. Do not make that life more unhappy. Do not let your pounce, your devotion, your self abnegation, carry you too far. Listen.

I know your generosity," said Zemplen, smiling leading her apart and gazing her straight in the face as he spoke in low tones none else might hear. "I know how you got your estate, your wife, your lands. I know how you have been with your revenues. I know your strange, unhappy life, my dear. But have a care. Do not make that life more unhappy. Do not let your pounce, your devotion, your self abnegation, carry you too far. Listen.

Thus, then, on the day of departure, Josephine St. Auban found herself standing before her mirror. It was not an unlovely image which she saw reflected in the glass. Her complexion, as listed by Jeanne's last terrible visit, had improved quite in keeping and endeavored by the graciousness of their manner to add to the good impression already formed of their more brilliant companions. The doors had not been opened for a half hour before the rooms were packed with a struggling mass of human, eager to grasp the hand of the representative of Hungary. Patriotism, liberty, freedom were in the speech of all.

It was at about this time that there entered at the door near the head of the receiving line a young woman, for the time apparently quite unnoticed. She was brilliantly robed, with jewels flashing at neck and wrists, clad like a queen in pearls.

There were many in Washington skilled circles who knew by sight or by reputation Josephine. Countess St. Auban, no longer than six months ago pronounced by one journal of the capital to be the most beautiful and the most dangerous woman in Wash-

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"Our own problem—our cause, dear general. Really it is also ours in this country. We think

"Terror" in Hungary is in peril.

It is not less so here. Here also evils abide. Soon war must come, here also—bloody war. We ask funds for Hungary. America soon will need funds for herself."

"Ah, you mean this problem of the north and south—or slavery?"

The old general became grave. "That is not the same, ma'am. The administration, for which Mr. Webster, our secretary of state, had not hesitated to write in most determined fashion to the attaché Hulsmann regarding the presumptuous Austrian demands upon our government, none the less was much in a funk regarding "European obligations."

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Such splendor as could be arranged had been provided for the setting off this event. A Hungarian orchestra, brought with these commissioners, discussed its peculiar music beyond a screen of palms and flowers. One of the great leaders of the party who could not resist the temptation to dance. At the head of the little line of these visitors now themselves in effect hosts, stood the old Hungarian general, Zemplen, an officer over six feet in height, with white hair and wide white mustaches, a distinguished figure in the brilliant Hungarian uniform. He who attempts to speak of the young who could not have been born with your revenues. I know your strange, unhappy life, my dear. But have a care. Do not make that life more unhappy. Do not let your pounce, your devotion, your self abnegation, carry you too far. Listen.

I know your generosity," said Zemplen, smiling leading her apart and gazing her straight in the face as he spoke in low tones none else might hear. "I know how you got your estate, your wife, your lands. I know how you have been with your revenues. I know your strange, unhappy life, my dear. But have a care. Do not make that life more unhappy. Do not let your pounce, your devotion, your self abnegation, carry you too far. Listen.

Thus, then, on the day of departure, Josephine St. Auban found herself standing before her mirror. It was not an unlovely image which she saw reflected in the glass. Her complexion, as listed by Jeanne's last terrible visit, had improved quite in keeping and endeavored by the graciousness of their manner to add to the good impression already formed of their more brilliant companions. The doors had not been opened for a half hour before the rooms were packed with a struggling mass of human, eager to grasp the hand of the representative of Hungary. Patriotism, liberty, freedom were in the speech of all.

It was at about this time that there entered at the door near the head of the receiving line a young woman, for the time apparently quite unnoticed. She was brilliantly robed, with jewels flashing at neck and wrists, clad like a queen in pearls.

There were many in Washington skilled circles who knew by sight or by reputation Josephine. Countess St. Auban, no longer than six months ago pronounced by one journal of the capital to be the most beautiful and the most dangerous woman in Wash-

"Lily, would you like to come with me as my maid?" she demanded. "You can learn, do you think, in case I should need you?"

"Of course I could learn, ma'am. I'd do my very best."

It was thus that it was agreed, with small preliminary, that on the next

Kossuth to come? Is it not true?"

"Assuredly, my dear general. You will find this country eager to meet him. But, alas, I fear that Kossuth himself will find problems also in this country."

"Our own problem—our cause, dear general. Really it is also ours in this country. We think

"Terror" in Hungary is in peril.

It is not less so here. Here also evils abide. Soon war must come, here also—bloody war. We ask funds for Hungary. America soon will need funds for herself."

"Ah, you mean this problem of the north and south—or slavery?"

The old general became grave. "That is not the same, ma'am. The administration, for which Mr. Webster, our secretary of state, had not hesitated to write in most determined fashion to the attaché Hulsmann regarding the presumptuous Austrian demands upon our government, none the less was much in a funk regarding "European obligations."

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